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## Correction: The dopamine receptor D4 regulates the proliferation of pulmonary arteries smooth muscle in broilers by downregulating AT1R

Xiaoqi Yang<sup>1</sup>, Yang Fu<sup>1</sup>, Lianfeng Wu<sup>1</sup>, Antong Li<sup>1</sup>, Luyao Ji<sup>1</sup>, Hao Li<sup>1</sup>, Yuxuan Peng<sup>1</sup>, Jiabin Zhang<sup>1</sup>, Donghai Zhou<sup>1\*</sup> and Huiping Zhou<sup>2,3\*</sup>

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Following publication of the original article (Yang et al. 2021), the authors identified some errors in Fig. 1 and Fig. 7. The correct figures are given below.

The original article (Yang et al. 2021) is updated.

## Author details

<sup>1</sup>Veterinary Clinical Medicine Laboratory, College of Veterinary Medicine, Huazhong Agricultural University, Shizishan Street, Wuhan 430070, People's Republic of China. <sup>2</sup>School of Basic Medical, Hubei University of Science & Technology, Xianning 437100, People's Republic of China. <sup>3</sup>School of Basic Medical, Hubei University of Science & Technology, Xianning 437100, Hubei, People's Republic of China.

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\*Correspondence: bigdefoot@163.com; zhouhuiping0925@163.com

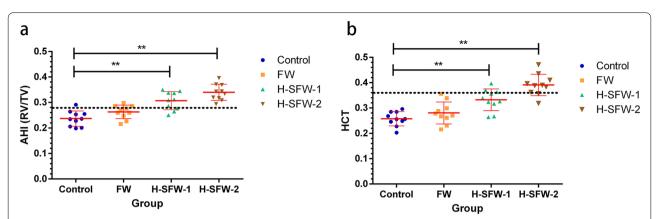
<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> School of Basic Medical, Hubei University of Science & Technology, Xianning 437100, Hubei, People's Republic of China Full list of author information is available at the end of the article



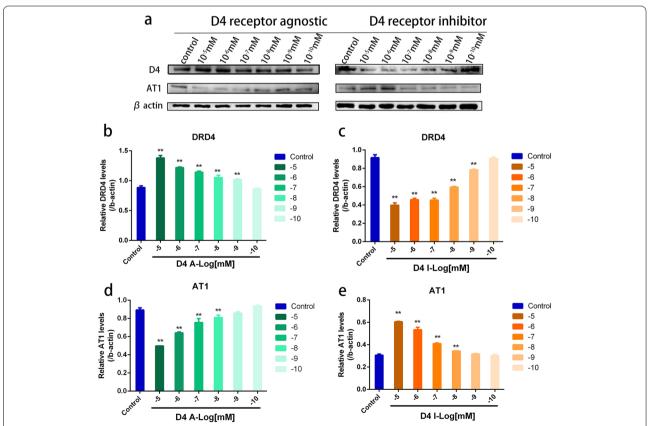
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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Veterinary Clinical Medicine Laboratory, College of Veterinary Medicine, Huazhong Agricultural University, Shizishan Street, Wuhan 430070, People's Republic of China

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**Fig. 1** Effects of different NaCl contents in drinking water on hematocrit (HCT) and ascites heart index (AHI) of broilers. They were randomly divided into four groups: a control group (deionized water, NaCl at 0 g/L), a freshwater group (FW, deionized water + NaCl at 1 g/L), high salinized freshwater group 1 (H-SFW-1, deionized water + NaCl at 2.5 g/L) and high salinized freshwater group 2 (H-SFW-2, deionized water + NaCl at 5 g/L). **a** AHI (RV/TV, right ventricular weight/total ventricular weight) of broilers in control group, FW group, H-SFW-1 group and H-SFW-2 group. (n = 10, \*\*P < 0.01 vs. control). **b** HCT of broilers in control group, FW group, H-SFW-1 group and H-SFW-2 group (n = 10, \*\*P < 0.01 vs. control)



**Fig. 7** Effect of dopamine receptor D4 (DRD4) on angiotensin II type 1 receptor (AT1) protein expression in primary vascular smooth muscle cells (VSMCs) of broilers. VMSCs were incubated with different doses of D4A or D4I for 24 h. **a, b, c** Dose-dependent effect of D4A (HY-101384A) or D4I (HY-B0965) (n = 6, \*\*P < 0.01 vs. control). **a, d, e** The dose-dependent effect of D4A or D4I (n = 6, \*\*P < 0.01 vs. control)